

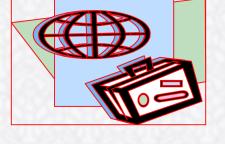


An introduction to key concepts commonly used in the analysis of the economy by the Economic Research and Statistics Department

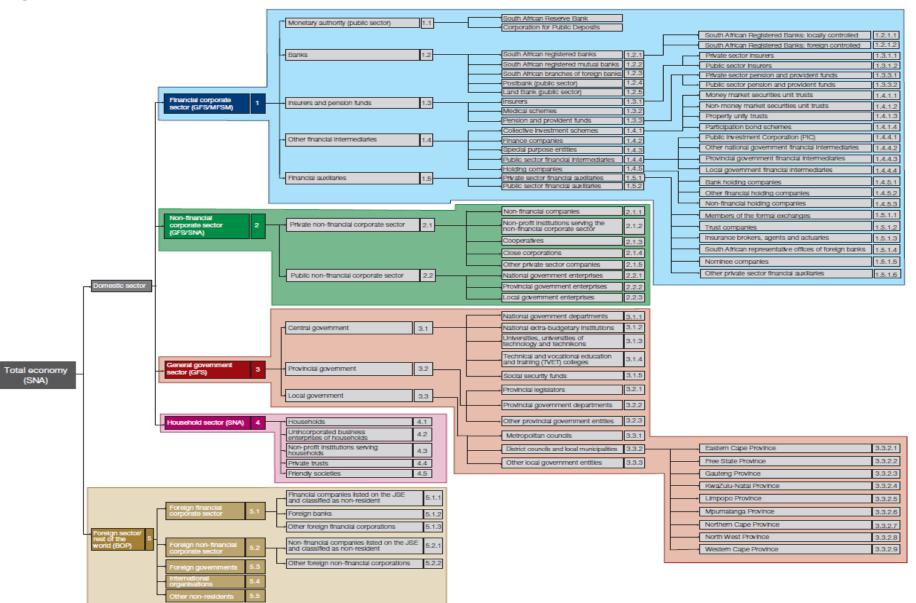
Michael Adams Lead Economist 31 May 2017 "The views expressed herein are those of the author and do not reflect the official views of the SARB Group."

Introduction

- Artists = Economists (Red tool box)
- Theory vs practice
- Accounting ≠ Economics
- Practical high-level overview
- Visually orientated introduction



- Economists usually focus on economic growth, stability and equity
- Evaluating the state of the economy:
 - Economic growth SNA 1993 / 2008
 - Full employment (BC)
 - Balance of payments (BoP) stability BPM2005/6
 - Price and financial market stability MFSM2000
 - An equitable distribution of income GFSM2001/2014



http://www.resbank.co.za/Publications/Guides/Documents/Institutional%20Sector%20Class

ification%20Guide%20for%20SA%20-%202017.pdf

Reasons for chart

- Cannot analyse economy without taking into account all four macroeconomic accounts
- All institutions must fit in somewhere in the four macroeconomic accounts
- According to the four manuals
 - Calendar year 1Jan 31 Dec
 - Fiscal year 1 Apr 31 Mar
 - Three accounts accrual basis (SNA, BoP, MFSM)
 - One account cash-flow (GFS)
 - Adjustments between cash and accrual (challenged)
- Economic analysis /interlinkages in the economy
- Sectors (financial) and instruments (bonds and equity)
 - Training and development

Economic analysis/interlinkages

- Design of the Chart
- Colour coded
- Segments 1-38
- Follow format of the Quarterly Bulletin
- BIG BLOCKS (Economic indicators) Philip Mohr

2.1

4.1

4.2

5.8

- SNA
 - Domestic output
 - Gross domestic expenditure 2.2
- MFSM
 - Money supply
 - Credit extension
 - GFS
 - Deficit /surplus

Economic relationships

- Identity relationship:
 - GDP = GDP _{agriculture} + GDP _{mining} + GDP _{manufacturing} GDP _{Gov.Services}
 - Trade account = $X_{mining} + X_{agriculture} + X_{manufacturing}$ M mining - M agriculture - M manufacturing
 - Money supply = M1 + M2 + M3
 - G -T= Deficit
- Behavioural relationship:
 - $C_t = a + b.Yd_t + d.interestrate_t + \varepsilon_t$

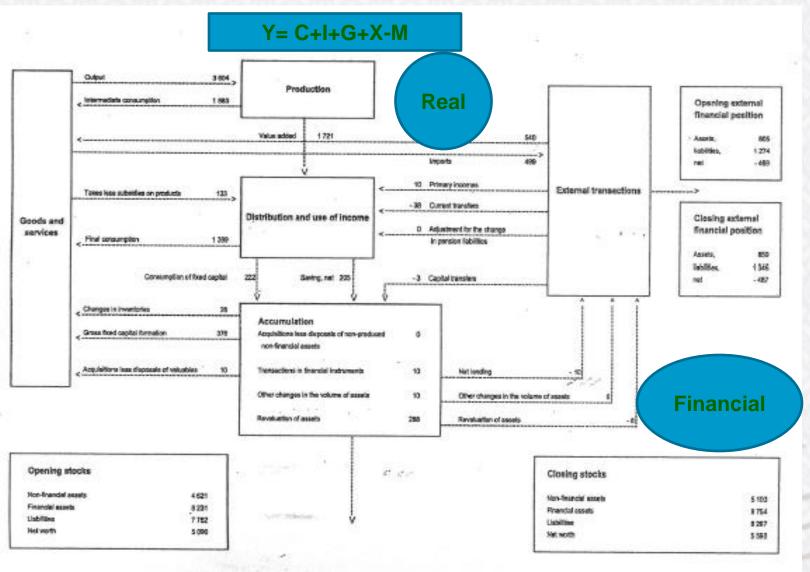
G-20 Integrated Economic Accounts

- Global financial crisis of 2007/08 underscored the gaps in availability of key information (economic data) for policy making and for the timely assessment of risks across countries
 - 85% global GDP
 - 75% global trade
- October 2009 (G-20 Data Gaps Initiatives) 20 Recommendations
- Recommendation 15 (sectorial balance sheets)
 - Financial sector (public and private)
 - Non-financial sector (public and private)
 - General government sector
 - Household sector
 - Foreign sector
- Bubbles in the economy (enough assets to cover liabilities = financial net worth) = strong feedback between financial sector and real sector
- Financial stability analysis and global monitoring of financial stability risks
- A set of Integrated Economic Accounts
 - SNA 1993/2008
 - GFS 2001/2014
 - BOP 2005/2006
 - MFSM 2000 (revised)

History of the System of National Accounts (SNA)

	Historic Versions of the System of National Accounts
The broa reporting	d objective of the System of National Accounts (SNA) is to provide a comprehensive conceptual and accounting framework for compiling and macroeconomic statistics for analysing and evaluating the performance of an economy.
1947	The origins of the SNA trace back to the 1947 Report of the Sub-Committee on National Income Statistics of the League of Nations Committee of Statistical Experts under the leadership of Richard Stone.
	At its first session in 1947, the United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC) emphasized the need for international statistical standards for the compilation and updating of comparable statistics in support of a large array of policy needs.
	In view of the emphasis on international statistical standards throughout the history of the Commission, the following national accounts standards were produced:
1953	The 1953 SNA was published under the auspices of the UNSC. It consisted of a set of six standard accounts and a set of 12 standard tables presenting detail and alternative classifications of the flows in the economy. The concepts and definitions of the accounts were widely applicable for most countries, including developing countries. Two slightly modified editions of the 1953 SNA were published.
1960	The first revision in 1960 reflected comments on country experience in the implementation of the 1953 SNA.
1964	The second revision in 1964 improved consistency with the International Monetary Fund's Balance of Payments Manual.
1968	The 1968 SNA extended the scope of the national accounts substantially by; adding input-output accounts and balance sheets; giving more attention to estimates at constant prices; and making a comprehensive effort to bring the SNA and the Material Product System (MPS) closer together.
1993	The 1993 SNA represents a major advance in national accounting and embodies the result of harmonizing the SNA and other international statistical standards more completely than in previous versions.
2008	The 2008 SNA, which is an update of the 1993 SNA, addresses issues brought about by changes in the economic environment, advances in methodological research and the needs of users.

Integrated analytical framework of SNA 2008



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Statistical table S-133

Production, distribution and accumulation accounts of South Africa

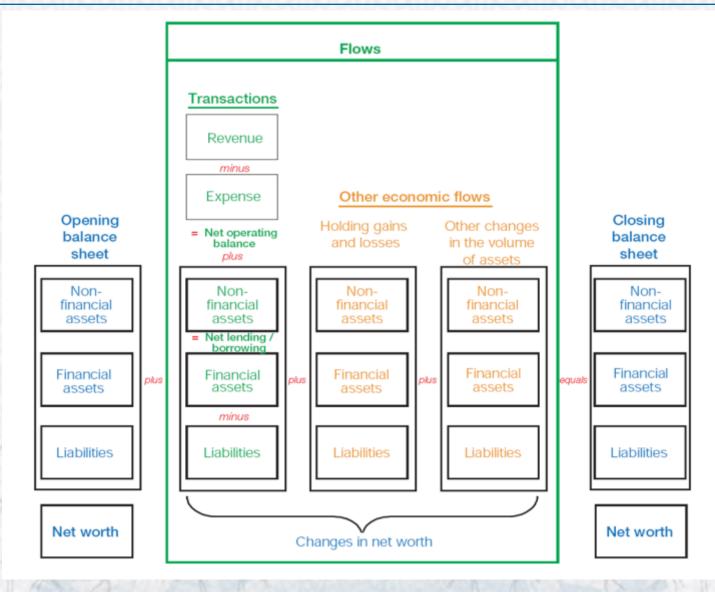
Total domestic economy

At current prices

R millions

	1								
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1	Output at basic prices1 (6870J)	4 268 063	4 859 903	5 063 907	5 461 575	5 932 595	6 461 086	6 976 884	7 429 270
1	Less: Intermediate consumption	2 383 340	2 722 713	2 786 761	2 966 715	3 207 572	3 521 443	3 803 922	4 024 170
5 2	Less. Internediate consumption	2 303 340	2122110	2700701	2 500 7 15	3207 372	0 021 440	3 003 922	4024170
Production	Gross value added at basic prices	1 884 723	2 137 190	2 277 146	2 494 860	2 725 023	2 939 643	3 172 962	3 405 100
ž S									
_	Taxes on products (6603J)	230 000	242 456	237 117	264 191	310 304	336 480	373 564	404 939
1	Less: Subsidies on products	5 221	10 583	6 586	11 043	10 376	13 578	12 199	12 972
	Gross domestic product at market prices (6006J)	2 109 502	2 369 063	2 507 677	2 748 008	3 024 951	3 262 545	3 534 327	3 797 067
5 5									
Generation of income account	Less: Compensation of employees (6000J)	897 739	1 020 736	1 106 193	1 234 706	1 358 111	1 473 852	1 610 646	1 732 809
220	Less: Taxes on production and imports (6004J)	264 044	278 640	278 015	309 273	360 771	391 516	437 316	476 588
880	Subsidies	12 321	19 330	15 976	20 833	17 041	22 536	19 702	20 993
	Oracle enception sum his featived in some (2010 l)								
	Gross operating surplus/mixed income (6212J)	960 040	1 089 017	1 139 445	1 224 862	1 323 110	1 419 713	1 506 067	1 608 663
1	Compensation of employees ²	895 074	1 017 963	1 103 863	1 232 646	1 356 173	1 471 904	1 608 592	1 730 845
	Taxes on production and imports	264 044	278 640	278 015	309 273	360 771	391 516	437 316	476 588
1	Less: Subsidies	12 321	19 330	15 976	20 833	17 041	22 536	19 702	20 993
ŝ.									
Alocation of primary income account	Property income received (6872J)	657 204	790 317	713 072	667 660	730 177	778 326	792 415	881 251
58	Interest	456 131	604 094	543 401	494 139	497 726	526 999	549 182	614 436
location income of	Dividends	200 408	185 095	168 185	168 856	226 041	244 846	235 358	259 980
12 2	Rent ^o (6875J)	665	1 128	1 486	4 665	6 410	6 481	7 875	6 835
- F	Less: Property income paid	723 357	861 419	766 901	724 199	805 570	864 714	883 149	980 831
	Interest (6877J)	459 364	617 553	558 540	510 803	518 767	558 501	590 349	661 343
	Dividends	263 328	242 738	206 875	208 731	280 393	299 732	284 925	312 653
1	Rent ^a	665	1 128	1 486	4 665	6 410	6 481	7 875	6 835
1									
	Gross national income (6016J)	2 040 684	2 295 188	2 451 518	2 689 409	2 947 620	3 174 209	3 441 539	3 695 523
_	Other current transfers received	31 768	37 984	43 693	34 761	45 432	49 003	67 088	79 820
율덕	Current international co-operation	1 107	2 109	1 342	1 333	1 870	1 845	3 27 1	1 633
dehtedion e account	Miscellaneous current transfers	30 661	35 875	42 351	33 428	43 562	47 158	63 817	78 187
88	,								
Secondary of of Income	Less: Other current transfers paid (6883J)	48 343	56 890	66 121	51 523	59 631	80 372	97 754	114 268
55	Current international co-operation (6884J)	21 450	26 489	27 172	20 491	19 353	35 7 32	41 533	47 873
80	Miscellaneous current transfers (6885J)	26 893	30 401	38 949	31 032	40 278	44 640	56 221	66 395
	Orace dispersible lessons (2010 l	2 024 109	2 276 282	2 429 090	2 672 647	2 933 421	3 142 840	3 410 873	3 661 075
	Gross disposable income (6018J)	2 024 109	2 2/0 282	2 429 090	2 6/2 64/	2 933 421	3 142 840	34108/3	3 001 0/5
1	Less: Final consumption expenditure	1 672 783	1 863 813	1 990 406	2 177 748	2 400 720	2 625 456	2 859 283	3 071 067
1	Individual consumption expenditure	1 471 005	1 629 166	1 728 618	1 888 165	2 082 465	2 275 022	2 475 178	2 651 023
* **	Collective consumption expenditure (6606J)	201 778	234 647	261 788	289 583	318 255	350 434	384 105	420 044
1 1 2									
deposable te account	Less: Residual4	22 199	-4 801	-12 110	-74	18 906	23 526	44 220	23 844
ise of disposable recome account	Gross saving	329 127	417 270	450 794	494 973	513 795	493 858	507 370	566 164
10 Bio	(0203J)	323121	417 270	4007.04	404 073	010100	403 030	001 310	000104
	Less: Consumption of fixed capitals (6002J)	263 688	314 533	344 437	362 397	379 044	412 994	461 065	522 116
1									
	Net saving (6887J)	65 439	102 737	106 357	132 576	134 751	80 864	46 305	44 048
	4								
	Gross saving	329 127	417 270	450 794	494 973	513 795	493 858	507 370	566 164
	Capital transfers, receivable						45.045		10.000
acount	Capital transfers, receivable	36 803	44 000	38 782	39 933	45 844	45 610	49 367	48 894
8	Less: Change in assets	-36 606 442 690	-43 792 548 442	-38 566 519 212	-39 708 536 218	-45 603 579 082	-45 371 655 562	-49 124 711 144	-48 658 772 808
8	Gross fixed capital formation	442 690	548 442 556 997	539 440	536 218	566 676	614 505	708 357	769 230
Table 1	Change in inventories ⁶	7 142	-8 555	-20 228	6 787	12 406	41 057	2 787	3 578
0				20 220				2.00	
1	Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) (6672J)	-113 366	-130 964	-68 202	-41 020	-65 046	-161 465	-203 531	-206 408
L	(our and a fighter a set a string () set and								

Integrated analytical framework of GFSM 2014



Statistical table S-65

Government finance statistics of national government¹ Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Year ended 31 March		2013/2014	ł			2015/2016				
	04	01	2014	02	03	04	01	2015	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities(4700K)	-22 277	-24 881	-138 417	-25 012	-77 365	-20 442	-23 732	-146 550	-32 301	-80 210
Cash receipts from operating activities (4701K)	242 763	255 773	924 176	233 807	228 546	264 593	279 428	1 006 375	247 387	263 225
Taxes (4702K)	235 720	252 262	898 413	220 771	224 842	259 361	279 385	984 359	242 417	243 915
Social contributions (4703K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ² (4175K)	288	97	1 722	571	528	111	741	1 951	274	1 298
Other receipts ³ (4704K)	6 754	3 414	24 040	12 465	3 176	5 121	-698	20 065	4 696	18 012
Cash payments for operating activities(4705K)	265 040	280 655	1 062 592	258 819	305 911	285 035	303 160	1 152 925	279 688	343 435
Compensation of employees (4706K)	28 674	30 282	115 569	29 449	30 402	29 947	30 219	120 016	31 414	33 872
Purchases of goods and services	12 131	10 564	37 088	10 541	11 484	14 964	12 321	49 309	12 949	13 270
Interest(4178K)	18 395	33 571	101 090	20 181	36 327	20 108	38 088	114 704	19 577	43 044
Subsidies(4708K)	9 658	9 658	38 634	6 386	8 137	8 137	9 889	32 550	8 805	8 805
Grants ⁴ (4709K)	164 597	163 222	639 711	158 330	182 232	174 964	174 023	689 549	170 178	196 213
Social benefits	27 967	29 621	113 013	29 001	32 496	32 067	33 512	127 077	33 454	33 812
Other payments ⁵ (4711K)	3 618	3 736	17 488	4 931	4 834	4 848	5 108	19 720	3 311	14 419
Net cash flow from investment in										
non-financial assets	-5 602	-8 819	-20 232	-2 527	-4 440	-4 937	-9 783	-21 686	-3 080	-4 354
Purchases of non-financial assets	5 603	8 823	20 269	2 533	4 447	4 945	9 840	21 764	3 089	4 382
Sales of non-financial assets	2	5	37	6	7	8	57	78	9	28
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)(4713K)	-27 879	-33 700	-158 649	-27 538	-81 805	-25 379	-33 514	-168 237	-35 380	-84 564
Net cash flow from financing activities	64 610	16 803	180 280	46 125	71 432	55 884	9 823	183 263	43 587	38 689
Net acquisition of financial assets other than										
cash ⁶ (4715K)	-81	-119	-1 208	-922	-79	-65	842	-223	-897	-12 668
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4716K)	64 691	16 922	181 488	47 047	71 510	55 949	8 980	183 486	44 485	51 357
Domestic	65 722	17 308	175 756	54 501	48 944	56 868	9 338	169 650	45 390	51 682
Foreign(4718K)	-1 031	-385	5 732	-7 454	22 567	-919	-357	13 836	-905	-324
Net change in stock of cash ⁸ (4719K)	36 731	-16 897	21 631	18 586	-10 373	30 505	-23 692	15 026	8 207	-45 875

KB413

Economic interpretation

Economic interpretation

- Accounting
 - Financial statements
 - Income statement
 - Cash-flow statement
 - Balance sheet

Economics Micro Macro Surveys Population Sample Time series (D,W,M,Q,Y,F) Data Interpretations Economic sense Forecasting Policy makers



Training and development

- Career planning further studies
 - -Masters or PhD
- Rotation
- Circular flow
- Specialisation
- Own training and development

Booklet

- Real sector vs Financial sector
- Definitions
- Flow of chart
- Slice and dice
- Sectors and instruments
- Use for Pre-MPC (discussion)
- Various forms being used in the Department (NO1, B03, C68 and F02)
- Balance sheet or income statement
 - Balance sheet stock position
 - Income statement flow position

CHART



Integrated economic approach

G-20 requirements (20)

Recommendation 15 - Sectoral balance sheet

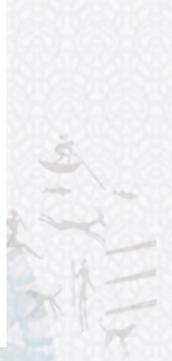
ASSETS						LIABI	LITIES								
		NFC's	FC's	GG	нн	NPISH	ROW	NFC's	FC's	GG	нн	NPISH	RÓW		
0	Non-financial assets						N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Non-financial liabilities	0
Opening	Non-produced non-financial assets						N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Non-produced non-financial liabilities	Opening
BS	Financial assets													Financial liabilities	BS
									10.25		68	100			•
Total	Non-financial assets						N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Non-financial liabilities	Total
Total	Non-produced non-financial assets						N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Non-produced non-financial liabilities	Total
changes	Financial assets	NOT PART OF BS PROJECT SCOPE						44	NÔT	PART OF BS	PRÓJECT	SCOPE		Financial liabilities	- change s
		565	2		5		1777	1		197	17		25		
Closing	Non-financial assets						N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Non-financial liabilities	Ćlosing
BS	Non-produced non-financial assets						N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Non-produced non-financial liabilities	BS
	Financial assets													Financial liabilities	60

Balance sheet – financial assets/liabilities

F11	Monetary gold
F12	SDRs
Curre	ncy and deposits
F21	Currency
F22	Transferable deposits
F29	Other deposits
Debt	securities
F31	Short-term
F32	Long-term
Loans	1
F41	Short-term
F42	Long-term
Equit	y and investment fund shares
F51	Equity
F52	Investment fund shares/units
F521	Money market fund shares/units
F522	Non MMF investment fund shares/units
Insun	ance, pension and standardized guarantee schemes
F61	Non-life insurance technical reserves
F62	Life insurance and annuity entitlements
F63+F	64+F65 Retirement entitlements
F66	Provisions for calls under standarized guarantees
F7 Fir	ancial derivatives and employee stock options
F71	Financial derivatives
F72 E	mployee stock options
F8 O	ther accounts receivable/payable
F81	Trade credits and advances
F89	Other accounts receivable/payable

Balance sheet – non-financial assets

Fixed assets	
Buildings and structures	
Dwellings/residential	
Buildings other than dwellings/non-residential bu	uildings
Other structures/construction works	
Land improvements	
Machinery and equipment	
Transport equipment (including military transpo	rt equipment)
Machinery and equipment not elsewhere classif	fied (including military weapons
Information, computer, and telecommunication	(ICT) equipment
Office furniture	
Other fixed assets	
Cultivated biological resources	
Intellectual property products	
Research and Development (R&D)	
Mineral exploration and evaluation	
Computer software and databases	
Entertainment, literary, and artistic originals	
Other intellectual property products	
Inventories	
Materials and supplies (including military weap	ons)
Work in process	
Finished goods	
Goods for resale	
Valuables	
Non-produced assets	
Land	
Subsoil assets	
Other naturally occurring assets	
Intangible non-produced assets	
Unallocable non-financial assets - net	



CONCLUSION

- No means exhaustive
- Each division use area to expand
- Time series structure
- Overview
- Reasons for changes



- Should be able to read the Quarterly Bulletin from cover to cover- ultimate
- Statistical tables: http://www.resbank.co.za/Publications/Detail-Item-View/Pages/Publications.
 - Money and banking S2-S29
 - Capital markets S30-S47
 - Public Finance S48-S79



- International economic relations(BoP) S80-S107
- National accounts S108-S135
- General economic indicators S136-S145
- Key information S146-S157





South African Reserve Bank

Thank you

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